Financial Statements, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Internal Control and Compliance (With Supplementary Information) and Independent Auditor's Reports

December 31, 2021 and 2020



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## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. (A New Jersey Not-for-Profit Organization)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. (A New Jersey Not-for-Profit Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a



material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 17, 2022, on our consideration of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc.'s internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cohn Reznick LLP

Holmdel, New Jersey May 17, 2022

### Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### Assets

		2021		2020			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Grants and other receivables Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$	3,590,742 253,288 508,317 243,594	\$	4,107,481 253,091 481,265 210,196			
Total current assets		4,595,941		5,052,033			
Investments Land, buildings, equipment and furniture, net		10,533,322 4,432,056		8,057,828 4,715,538			
Total assets	\$	19,561,319	\$	17,825,399			
Liabilities and Net Assets							
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue Refundable advances	\$	543,568 503,746 79,433	\$	478,117 337,333 11,830			
Total current liabilities		1,126,747		827,280			
Economic relief loan		-		748,182			
Total liabilities		1,126,747		1,575,462			
Commitments and contingencies							
Net assets Without donor restrictions		18,434,572		16,249,937			
Total net assets		18,434,572		16,249,937			
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	19,561,319	\$	17,825,399			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

## Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Revenue without restriction and other support Contributions Grants	\$    2,531,593 1,592,272	\$    2,427,362 1,503,933
Total	4,123,865	3,931,295
Special events revenue Direct cost of special events	2,886,653 (778,730)	4,366,916 (1,020,589)
Net special events revenue	2,107,923	3,346,327
Contributed goods and services Net assets released from restrictions	604,793	598,508 60,000
Total revenue without restriction and other support	6,836,581	7,936,130
Expenses Activities and program services Fundraising General and administrative	5,847,509 1,067,525 185,925	5,577,640 991,268 275,695
Total expenses	7,100,959	6,844,603
Nonoperating items Forgiveness of PPP loans Gain on sale of fixed assets Net investment return	1,481,852 1,500 965,661	836,668
Total nonoperating items	2,449,013	836,668
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	2,184,635	1,928,195
Change in net assets with donor restrictions Net assets released from donor restrictions		(60,000)
Change in net assets with donor restrictions		(60,000)
Change in net assets	2,184,635	1,868,195
Net assets, beginning	16,249,937	14,381,742
Net assets, ending	\$ 18,434,572	\$ 16,249,937

See Notes to Financial Statements.

## Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Activ	ities a	nd program se		Fundraising												
		n-kind onations		ganizational penditures	otal activities nd program services	In-kind donations								Total fundraising		General and administrative		 Total
Competition	\$	363,718	\$	341,862	\$ 705,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 705,580				
Salaries		-		2,209,979	2,209,979		-		618,794		618,794		117,866	2,946,639				
Employee benefits		-		637,267	637,267		-		178,435		178,435		33,988	849,690				
Payroll taxes		-		178,012	178,012		-		49,843		49,843		9,494	237,349				
Training		-		72,415	72,415		-		4,028		4,028		767	77,210				
Awards		-		6,040	6,040		-		699		699		-	6,739				
Equipment		-		16,115	16,115		-		4,403		4,403		981	21,499				
Insurance		-		107,286	107,286		-		7,090		7,090		1,676	116,052				
Printing		-		1,127	1,127		-		-		-		-	1,127				
Supplies		-		16,120	16,120		54,878		3,056		57,934		353	74,407				
Chapter fees		-		117,793	117,793		-		-		-		-	117,793				
Conferences and meetings		-		15,326	15,326		-		1,341		1,341		255	16,922				
Occupancy		-		64,873	64,873		-		3,508		3,508		1,353	69,734				
Postage and freight		-		1,773	1,773		-		371		371		71	2,215				
Telephone		-		29,419	29,419		-		6,526		6,526		1,243	37,188				
Repairs and maintenance		-		74,107	74,107		-		5,613		5,613		1,634	81,354				
Public relations		63,038		969,029	1,032,067		-		-		-		-	1,032,067				
Professional fees		65,236		173,020	238,256		-		46,346		46,346		6,700	291,302				
Special events and programs		-		588	588		-		135		135		-	723				
Grants		-		1,351	1,351		-		-		-		-	1,351				
Depreciation		-		292,912	292,912		-		22,908		22,908		7,125	322,945				
Miscellaneous		-		29,103	29,103		-		1,628		1,628		2,419	33,150				
Direct costs		-		-	 -		57,923		-		57,923		-	 57,923				
Total functional expenses	\$	491,992	\$	5,355,517	\$ 5,847,509	\$	112,801	\$	954,724	\$	1,067,525	\$	185,925	\$ 7,100,959				
Percentage of total expenses F	Y 2021:				Program 82%					F	undraising 15%	Adn	ninistrative 3%					

## Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 Activ	ities a	nd program sei			Fundraising						
	In-kind onations		ganizational kpenditures	otal activities nd program services	 In-kind Jonations	Fi	undraising	fu	Total Indraising		neral and iinistrative	 Total
Competition	\$ 429,329	\$	474,596	\$ 903,925	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 903,925
Salaries	-		2,183,926	2,183,926	-		611,499		611,499		116,476	2,911,901
Employee benefits	-		589,737	589,737	-		165,126		165,126		31,453	786,316
Payroll taxes	-		168,696	168,696	-		47,235		47,235		8,997	224,928
Training	-		82,552	82,552	-		3,234		3,234		616	86,402
Awards	-		128	128	-		1,620		1,620		-	1,748
Equipment	-		27,727	27,727	-		4,650		4,650		1,077	33,454
Insurance	-		107,309	107,309	-		7,336		7,336		1,696	116,341
Printing	-		2,048	2,048	-		-		-		-	2,048
Supplies	-		17,634	17,634	7,072		5,422		12,494		333	30,461
Chapter fees	-		116,266	116,266	-		-		-		-	116,266
Conferences and meetings	-		12,874	12,874	-		763		763		145	13,782
Occupancy	-		69,480	69,480	-		3,756		3,756		1,449	74,685
Postage and freight	-		2,330	2,330	-		289		289		55	2,674
Telephone	-		30,847	30,847	-		6,742		6,742		1,284	38,873
Repairs and maintenance	-		61,139	61,139	-		4,470		4,470		1,251	66,860
Public relations	36,449		701,268	737,717	-		-		-		-	737,717
Professional fees	52,663		78,280	130,943	-		21,919		21,919		100,817	253,679
Special events and programs	-		222	222	-		356		356		-	578
Grants	-		2,635	2,635	-		-		-		-	2,635
Depreciation	-		300,207	300,207	-		24,499		24,499		7,449	332,155
Miscellaneous	-		29,298	29,298	-		2,286		2,286		2,597	34,181
Direct costs	 -		-	 -	 72,994		-		72,994		-	 72,994
Total functional expenses	\$ 518,441	\$	5,059,199	\$ 5,577,640	\$ 80,066	\$	911,202	\$	991,268	\$	275,695	\$ 6,844,603

Percentage of total expenses FY 2020:

Program 82%

am

Fundraising 14%

Administrative 4%

## See Notes to Financial Statements.

### Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	 2021	 2020
Cash flows from operating activities Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	\$ 2,184,635	\$ 1,868,195
to net cash provided by operating activities Net realized and unrealized gain on investments Depreciation Donated securities	(833,258) 322,945 (14,612)	(732,560) 332,155 -
Forgiveness of economic relief loans Gain on sale of fixed assets Changes in operating assets and liabilities Pledges receivable	(1,481,852) (1,500)	- - 60,000
Grants and other receivables Prepaid expenses and other current assets Accounts payable and accrued expenses	- (27,052) (33,398) 65,451	(300,938) 53,124 (47,514)
Deferred revenue Refundable advances	 166,413 67,603	 (274,543) 11,830
Net cash provided by operating activities	 415,375	 969,749
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of certificates of deposit, net Proceeds from sale of investments Purchases of investments Purchases of property and equipment Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	 (197) 5,201,263 (6,828,887) (39,463) 1,500	 (2,427) 1,482,421 (1,589,848) (207,495) -
Net cash used in investing activities	 (1,665,784)	 (317,349)
Cash flows from financing activities - proceeds from economic relief loan	 733,670	 748,182
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(516,739)	1,400,582
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	 4,107,481	 2,706,899
Cash and cash equivalents, end	\$ 3,590,742	\$ 4,107,481

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### Note 1 - Organization

#### **Business**

Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. (the "Organization") is organized as a New Jersey not-for-profit charitable organization, incorporated in the State of New Jersey in 1973. The Organization is accredited by Special Olympics Incorporated to coordinate statewide programs of physical fitness, sports training and athletic competition for children and adults with intellectual disabilities. The Organization has activity areas throughout the state which raise funds to run these programs on a local level.

#### Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Revenue recognition**

#### Grants

Revenue from grants with resource providers such as the government agencies, corporations or other organizations are accounted for either as exchange transactions or as contributions. When the resource provider receives commensurate value in return for the resources transferred to the Organization, the revenue from the grant is accounted for as an exchange transaction. For purposes of determining whether a transfer of asset is a contribution or an exchange, the Organization deems that the resource provider is not synonymous with the general public, i.e., indirect benefit received by the public as a result of the assets transferred is not deemed equivalent to commensurate value received by the resource provider. Moreover, the execution of a resource provider's mission or the positive sentiment from acting as a donor is not deemed to constitute commensurate value received by a resource provider. Revenue from grants that are accounted for as exchange transactions is recognized when performance obligations have been satisfied. Revenue from grants that are accounted for as contributions is recognized when performance requirements are met and/or allowable qualifying expenditures have been incurred. Cash received in excess of revenue recognized is recorded as refundable advances. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Organization recorded \$79,433 and \$11,830 as refundable advances, respectively. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, all of the Organization's grants are accounted for as conditional contributions as there are either certain performance requirements to be met or allowable qualifying expenses need to be incurred. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, conditional contributions approximating \$1,330,989 and \$1,058,525, for which no amounts had been received in advance, have not been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Contributions

Contributions are classified as either conditional or unconditional. A conditional contribution is a transaction where the Organization has to overcome a barrier or hurdle to be entitled to the resource and the resource provider is released from the obligation to fund or has the right of return of any advanced funding if the Organization fails to overcome the barrier. The Organization recognizes the contribution revenue upon overcoming the barrier or hurdle. Any funding received prior to overcoming the barrier is recognized as refundable advance.

Unconditional contributions are recognized as revenue and receivable when the commitment to contribute is received.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### **Special events**

The Organization records special events revenue equal to the fair value of direct benefits to donors, and contribution income for the excess received when the event takes place. Amounts received prior to the event taking place are recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying statements of financial position. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the deferred revenue balance totaled \$503,746 and \$337,333, respectively.

#### Contributed goods and services

Donated goods and services are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair values at the date of donation. Donations include facility rental time, volunteer time at various events, on-air promotion time, and meals and entertainment provided to athletes. The amount of donated goods and services for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$604,793 and \$598,508, respectively.

#### Classification of net assets

Net assets, revenue and releases from restrictions are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Organization and the changes therein are classified and reported in two categories of net assets. The two categories are differentiated as follows:

#### Without donor restrictions

Net assets without donor restrictions consist of assets that can be used at the discretion of the Organization to support operations.

#### With donor restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of assets that are restricted by a donor for use for a specific purpose or in a future period. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, and the restriction will expire when the resources are used in accordance with the donor's instructions or when the stipulated time has passed. Other donor-imposed restrictions on net assets included in this category are permanent in nature. These net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by the Organization either in perpetuity or until released by specific action by the Organization's Board of Directors in accordance with applicable law.

Revenue is reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related asset is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by donor stipulation or by law.

When a donor's restriction is satisfied, either by using the resources in the manner specified by the donor or by the passage of time, the expiration of the restriction is reported in the financial statements by reclassifying the net assets from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Organization places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions.

#### Certificates of deposit

Certificates of deposit held for investments that are not marketable equity or debt securities are recorded at cost. Certificates of deposit with original maturities greater than three months and remaining maturities less than one year are classified as current assets.

#### Grants and other receivables

Grants and other receivables consist of amounts due from government agencies, corporations or other organizations for services performed under grant agreements.

#### Pledges receivable

Pledges receivable consist of unconditional promises to give. Pledges that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Pledges that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows. The discounts on those amounts are computed using risk adjusted interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are received. Amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Organization had pledges receivable of \$0 which were due within one year.

#### Investments and investment risk

Net investment return includes dividend, interest, and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried and fair value; and realized gains and losses on other investments. Related custodian fees are netted against investment returns.

The Organization invests in various securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in risk in the near term could materially affect the investments and the amounts reported in the statements of financial position and the statements of activities and changes in net assets. Users of these financial statements should be aware that the financial markets' volatility may significantly impact the subsequent valuation of the Organization's investments. Accordingly, the valuation of investments may not necessarily be indicative of amounts that could be realized in a current market exchange.

#### Income taxes

The Organization qualifies as a not-for-profit organization as defined by the Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and, accordingly, is exempt from federal income taxes. The Organization is also exempt from state and local income taxes.

The Organization has no unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2021 and 2020. The Organization's federal and state information returns prior to fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively, are closed and management continually evaluates expiring statutes of limitations, audits, proposed settlements, changes in tax law and new authoritative rulings.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

The Organization's policy is to recognize interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in general and administrative expenses. No such amounts have been recorded for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

### Impairment of long-lived assets

The Organization reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In performing a review for impairment, the Organization compares the carrying value of the assets with their estimated future undiscounted cash flows. If it is determined that impairment has occurred, the loss would be recognized during that period. The impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the asset carrying values and the present value of estimated net cash flows or comparable market values, giving consideration to recent operating performance and pricing trends. Management believes there is no impairment of long-lived assets at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

### Functional allocation of expenses

Costs are allocated between activities and program services, fundraising and general and administrative based on an evaluation of the related benefits. General and administrative expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function, but provide for the overall support and direction of the Organization.

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include depreciation, occupancy and facility maintenance, which are allocated on a square footage basis, as well as compensation and employee benefits, employee training, information technology and office equipment costs, which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

#### Land, buildings, equipment and furniture

Purchases of land, buildings, equipment and furniture are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The Organization capitalizes all expenditures over \$1,000. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method using estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Building and improvements	10 - 40 years
Equipment and furniture	3 - 10 years

#### Subsequent events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through May 17, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### Note 3 - Liquidity and availability

The Organization's working capital and cash flows have seasonable variations during the year. Traditionally, the largest and most profitable fundraising events occur in the first quarter of the year. As a result, cash receipts and the cash balances are significantly higher during the first half of the year. Additionally, the success of fundraising events is highly dependent upon the weather during the events. In recent years, the Organization has generally benefited from favorable weather conditions.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

In addition to recurring annual fundraising events, the Organizations has also benefited from anniversary celebration fundraising events. These events were extremely profitable and resulted in additional cash flow. Finally, the Organization has shown continued growth in sponsorships.

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of donor restrictions within one year of the balance sheet date:

	 2021	 2020
Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Grants and other receivables Investments	\$ 3,590,742 253,288 508,317 10,533,322	\$ 4,107,481 253,091 481,265 8,057,828
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for expenditures within one year	\$ 14,885,669	\$ 12,899,665

The Organization regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds.

The Organization has various sources of liquidity at its disposal, including cash and cash equivalents and marketable debt and equity securities. See Note 6 for marketable debt and equity securities.

The Organization has invested a portion of its unrestricted resources in long-term investments but these funds remain available and may be spent if needed.

### Note 4 - Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit. At times during the year, the Organization's cash balances and certificates of deposit may exceed the limits of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") coverage. The Organization monitors its financial institutions and the concentrations of credit risk on a regular basis and does not anticipate nonperformance by the financial institutions.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

### Note 5 - Land, buildings, equipment and furniture

Land, buildings, equipment and furniture at December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the following:

	 2021	 2020
Land Buildings and improvements Equipment, furniture and fixtures	\$ 700,000 7,260,551 774,476	\$ 700,000 7,269,406 789,798
Less accumulated depreciation	 8,735,027 4,302,971	 8,759,204 4,043,666
Total	\$ 4,432,056	\$ 4,715,538

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$332,945 and \$332,155, respectively. Fully depreciated assets totaling \$32,011 and \$237,668 were disposed of during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

#### Note 6 - Fair value measurements

The Organization values its assets and liabilities based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In order to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, a fair value hierarchy prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels, which are described below:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in active markets; or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated with observable market data.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

In determining fair value, the Organization utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible as well as considers counterparty credit risk in its assessment of fair value.

Changes in economic conditions or model-based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value level to another. In such instances, the transfer is reported

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

at the end of the reporting period. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no significant transfers in or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3.

Investments carried at fair value at December 31, 2021 and 2020, are classified in the tables below in one of the three categories described above:

			Asset	s at fair value a	s of Dece	mber 31, 20	21	
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3			Total
Stocks	\$	1,305,455	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,305,455
Mutual funds		6,043,813		-		-		6,043,813
Money market funds		567,564		-		-		567,564
Corporate bonds		-		2,616,490		-		2,616,490
Total investments at								
fair value	\$	7,916,832	\$	2,616,490	\$	-	\$	10,533,322
			Assets	at fair value as	of Decen	nber 31, 202	0	
	1	Level 1		Level 2	Le	evel 3		Total
Stocks Mutual funds	\$	934,132 4,581,392	\$	-	\$	-	\$	934,132 4,581,392
Money market funds		173,798		_		_		173,798
Corporate bonds		-		2,368,506				2,368,506
Total investments at	•	5 000 000	•	0 000 500	<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>	
fair value	\$	5,689,322	\$	2,368,506	\$	-	\$	8,057,828

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Stocks, mutual funds, and money market securities are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded (Level 1).

Investments in corporate bonds are valued utilizing readily available pricing sources for comparable instruments (Level 2).

The preceding methods may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

#### Note 7 - Pension plan

The Organization maintains a 403(b) defined contribution pension plan for eligible employees. An employee may begin contributions into the plan immediately at the start of employment, but is not eligible for matching employer contributions until the plan entry date following the employee's completion of six months of employment, attainment of the age of 21 and working a minimum of 1,000 hours per year. The Organization matches a maximum of 4% of an employee's eligible wages

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

and contributes 3% of an employee's eligible wages to the plan, and both contributions are subject to the aforementioned eligibility requirements. An individual must be employed on December 31 to be eligible for the Organization's contribution for that plan year. The Organization's contribution will be made by June 30 of the following year. Pension plan costs for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$173,858 and \$158,696, respectively.

### Note 8 - Related party transactions

The Organization has a member of the Board of Directors who is a senior executive of a financial institution where the Organization maintains checking accounts and certificates of deposit. The Organization also has a member of the Board of Directors who is a senior executive of a financial institution which is a related party to another financial institution where the Organization maintains investment portfolios and the pension plan.

The Organization is required to pay chapter fees to Special Olympics International ("SOI"). The amount of fees paid to SOI was \$117,793 and \$116,266 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

### Note 9 - Economic relief Ioan

### Paycheck Protection Program loan - first draw and forgiveness

In April 2020, the Organization entered into an unsecured promissory note with a commercial bank for an aggregate principal amount of \$748,182 pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program (the "PPP Loan"), which was established under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act") and is administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration (the "SBA"). Under the CARES Act, PPP Loan recipients meeting certain criteria set by the SBA may be eligible for full or partial forgiveness of such loans. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Organization submitted its application for PPP Loan forgiveness and received notice from its lender in May 2021 that the SBA approved forgiveness of the full amount of the PPP Loan and the related interest thereon. Accordingly, the Organization derecognized the PPP Loan and recognized a corresponding gain on debt forgiveness in nonoperating items on the statements of activities and changes in net assets. There is a six-year period during which the SBA can review the Organization's forgiveness calculation.

#### Paycheck Protection Program loan - second draw and forgiveness

In March 2021, the Organization entered into a second unsecured promissory note with a commercial bank for an aggregate principal amount of \$733,670 pursuant to the PPP Loan, which was established under the CARES Act and is administered by the SBA. The outstanding borrowings under the PPP Loan bear interest at a rate of 1% per year and have a maturity of April 2026. Under the CARES Act, PPP Loan recipients meeting certain criteria set by the SBA may be eligible for full or partial forgiveness of such loans. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Organization submitted its application for PPP Loan forgiveness and received notice from its lender in December 2021 that the SBA approved forgiveness of the full amount of the PPP Loan and the related interest thereon. Accordingly, the Organization derecognized the PPP Loan and recognized a corresponding gain on debt forgiveness in nonoperating items on the statements of activities and changes in net assets. There is a six-year period during which the SBA can review the Organization's forgiveness calculation.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2021 and 2020

### Note 10 - Contingency

In December early 2020 and continuing into 2022, the coronavirus that causes COVID-19 was reported to have surfaced in China. The spread of this virus globally including in early 2020 has caused business disruption domestically in the United States, the area in which the Organization operates, and uncertainty in the financial markets. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of this event. Therefore, while the Organization expects this matter to negatively impact the Organization's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows, the extent of the financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Supplementary Information

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2021

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor/program or cluster title	Federal assistance listing number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Program grant period	t	through o cipients	tal Federal penditures
U.S. Department of Education passed through the New Jersey Department of Education, passed through Rowan University Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Handicapped State Grants	84.027A		2/1/20-6/30/21	\$	-	\$ 376,453
	84.027A		7/1/21-6/30/22		-	 419,352
Total CFDA Number 84.027A					-	 795,805
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)					-	 795,805
U.S. Department of Education, Office of Special Education Programs, passed through Special Olympics, Inc.						
Special Olympics Unified Champion Schools Year 13 Special Olympics Unified Champion Schools Year 14	84.380W 84.380W	Y13 20 800 31	9/1/20-6/30/21 9/1/21-6/30/22		-	 206,695 138,965
Total CFDA Number 84.380W						345,660
Total U.S Department of Education					-	 1,141,465
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Center for Disease Control and Prevention, passed through Special Olympics, Inc.						
Young Athletes	93.184	Y5 20-800-06	4/1/20-3/1/21		_	2,681
Healthy Athletes	93.184	2021-1747	1/1/21-6/30/21		-	315
Healthy Athletes	93.184	2021-1953	9/12/21-12/31/21		-	6,717
Health Impact	93.184	2020-1184	4/1/20-3/31/21		-	14,134
Health Impact	93.184	2021-1746	4/1/21-6/30/21		-	14,162
Health Impact	93.184	2021-1910	7/1/21-7/30/21		-	3,373
Health Impact	93.184	2021-1962	8/1/21-7/31/22		-	 46,102
Total CFDA Number 93.184					-	 87,484
Total U.S Department of Health and Human Services					-	 87,484
Total expenditures of federal awards				\$	-	\$ 1,228,949

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards December 31, 2021

### Note 1 - Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") include the federal award activity of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc., it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc.

### Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3 - Indirect cost rate

Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

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### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. (A New Jersey Not-for-Profit Organization)

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. (A New Jersey Not-for-Profit Organization) ("SONJ"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2021, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2022.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered SONJ, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SONJ's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of SONJ's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether SONJ's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CohnReynickLLP

Holmdel, New Jersey May 17, 2022

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### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Directors Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. (A New Jersey Not-for-Profit Organization)

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Special Olympics New Jersey, Inc. (A New Jersey Not-for-Profit) ("SONJ")'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of SONJ's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. SONJ's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, SONJ complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of SONJ and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of SONJ's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to SONJ's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on SONJ's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance



with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about SONJ's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding SONJ's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of SONJ's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
  for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SONJ's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.



The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cohn Reynick ILP

Holmdel, New Jersey May 17, 2022

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2021

## Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

## Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>	yes _✓ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesnone reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes _✓_no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes _✓ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yesnone reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)	yes _✓_no
Identification of major federal programs:	
Name of Federal Program	Assistance Listing Number
U.S. Department of Education passed through the New Jersey Department of Education, passed through Rowan University, Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	
Handicapped State Grants	84.027A
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes _✓ no

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2021

## **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

No matters were reported

## Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported



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